

GOSFORTH GROUP



MANAGING MEDICATIONS POLICY

Rationale

Jesmond Park Academy recognises that for a small number of youngsters being able to take prescribed medication during the Academy day will enable them to remain in mainstream lessons and/or function better within the Academy and improve their ability to learn.

All young people who take prescribed medications during the Academy day should be able to do so in a safe and well managed way.

Aims

- to provide a safe and secure environment for students and staff;
- to provide a safe and reliable method of administering medications to students;
- to provide quality information to all members of the Academy community relating to the management of medications;
- to identify all protocols relating to the management of medications; and
- to ensure all practices conform to recent legislation and guidance.

Objectives

- to communicate effectively with all members of the Academy community;
- to work in partnership with students and parents;
- to ensure every student taking medication regularly over the long term has a Care Plan;
- to ensure the Principal agrees to every student taking prescribed medications;
- to maximise the students' learning opportunities;
- to forge effective links and work in partnership with all appropriate outside agencies;
- to identify clear storage and administration protocols;
- to clarify Academy procedures relating to handling incidents of misuse;
- to identify key roles and responsibilities within the Academy;
- to produce appropriate documentation and procedures to monitor medications brought into Academy;
- to ensure all members of the Academy community receive effective INSET relating to the management of medications; and
- to establish systems where youngsters regularly taking medications can be identified and supported.

GUIDELINES AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR STAFF

1 Location & Dissemination of the Medications Policy

A reference copy of the policy will be kept, reviewed and updated by the Senior Leader who is responsible for policies.

2 The Context of the policy and links with other policies and practice

This policy aims to identify the Academy's position on all aspects of managing medications both within Academy and on visits. The policy will document procedures for staff, students and parents to follow when setting up a Care Plan, administering and storing medications. This policy will link to aspects of other policies and practices within the Academy such as: Health and Safety, Behaviour, Attendance, Safeguarding and Child Protection.

Health & Safety for all Staff

This policy and guidelines aim to identify all the correct procedures for managing medications in Academy to ensure the health and safety of all staff is maintained and staff do not put themselves in potentially dangerous or vulnerable positions. The Academy has a duty to protect staff in these matters and all staff have a duty to cooperate with the Academy and follow the safe procedures laid down in this policy.

3 Further Guidance

This policy draws upon information and guidance from the following legislation and guidance:

- The Misuse of Drugs Regulations 1985
- The Misuse of Drugs Regulations 2001 (came into force Feb 2002)
- Managing Medicines in Schools and Early Years Settings. DfES Ref: 1448-2005DCL-EN
- Special Educational Needs & Disability Act 2001
- Management of Health & Safety at Work Regulations 1999
- Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002
- The Education (School Premises) Regulations 1999
- DfE website

4 Staff Responsibilities

All staff have a duty of care to all students. Where teachers and form tutors observe any problems with students' behaviour or physical appearance they should pass this on to Pastoral staff immediately.

Pastoral staff coordinate the care and support for students. They work in partnership with parents and other agencies both within and external to the Academy. They will be responsible for meeting with parents and drawing up Care Plans. The Academy will ensure there is an appropriately trained member of staff to oversee the policy and practice for managing medications.

The Principal will be responsible for signing and agreeing to the delivery of a Care Plan.

Reception staff will ensure all the correct procedures have been followed before accepting any medication from a parent or responsible adult. They will also ensure the safe and secure storage, and administration of medication

The Trustees will ratify the policy on Managing Medications.

Non-prescribed Medication

Jesmond Park Academy will not give out to students any non-prescribed medication such as painkillers even if their parents give permission. This would be in effect prescribing medication and no one is qualified in Academy to do so. Students will need to go home to be treated if necessary.

The only exception to this rule is when students are out of Academy on a visit, away from medical assistance, and only in an emergency (Section 3(5) of the Children Act 1989). Here specific members of staff can administer non-prescription medication to students if their parents have signed and consented to this on the SV Form. It is also advisable in an emergency and if possible to contact parents by phone to explain the nature of the emergency and to check again if it is acceptable to give their child non-prescribed medication in this situation.

At Jesmond Park Academy, students can take responsibility for a daily dose of non-prescription medicines e.g. paracetamol, throat lozenges etc for minor ailments. This daily dose needs to be brought to Academy in a labelled container with the student's name, class and type of medicine and kept in the student's bag.

Prescription Medication

The Academy is under no obligation to administer prescribed medication to students. If we choose to do this it will be because there is a clear benefit to the student in question.

Prescribed medications can be administered within Academy following the guidance and protocols identified in this policy.

If parents have difficulty getting their child's prescription into the Academy they can arrange for the doctor to prescribe a split prescription, one for home and one for Academy. They can also arrange for a local chemist to make up and deliver the prescription.

Most prescription medicine e.g. antibiotics and Ritalin can now be taken outside of Academy hours. Parents need to arrange an administration schedule to suit this with their GP.

Diabetics at Jesmond Park Academy carry their own insulin. Parents need to complete a 'request for child to carry his/her own medicine form (form 7).

Students who have been prescribed adrenaline (Adrenaline Auto Injectors - AAI) should have two devices in Academy at all times. The AAI held by the Academy is a spare/back-up device and not a replacement for the student's own device. The spare AAI held by the Academy should be in addition to those already prescribed to a student.

Students at Jesmond Park Academy who suffer with asthma will be permitted to carry their own inhalers in Academy if a parent/carer has completed the relevant documentation (form 7) and given permission.

Storage of Medication

The Academy has purchased a recommended metal medication cabinet to store all student medication in. All student medications must be kept in this cabinet and the cabinet must be kept locked at all times, other than when medication is being administered. Keys to the cabinet must be kept safe. One key to a member of Wellbeing Department, who administers the medication, one key is to be kept by the Director of Finance locked in a safe.

What To Do - if a parent asks the Academy to administer prescribed medication to their child?

1. Refer parents to the Wellbeing Centre, or designated persons who will discuss with them the circumstances and ascertain if it is both necessary and appropriate that the Academy agrees to do this.

Medication taken for a short while (1 week to 10 days)

2. If students are only going to require to take medication for a short term such as an antibiotic for an ear infection the full Care Plan does not need to be completed. Pastoral staff will need to meet with parents to complete the main details and the parent will need to sign the Care Plan. The Principal will then sign the plan to agree to the Academy delivering it.

Medication taken LONG TERM

3. Parents will need to come in to see Pastoral staff with their child and fully complete a Care Plan. This will include:
 - name, DOB, form and religion (can influence medical treatment);

- medical condition & specific needs arising from this condition;
 - any symptoms to watch out for;
 - name of medication prescribed;
 - medication regime including times when it should be taken;
 - contact details 1 - main/first contact person - parent or carer;
 - contact details 1 - second contact person - parent, carer or relative;
 - emergency contact - if contact 1 & 2 work and may be difficult to get hold of;
 - details of what would be an emergency for this student;
 - details of actions to be taken in the event of an emergency occurring;
 - information on agencies and other professionals involved;
 - care plan details - who needs to know - need to list who should know about this case otherwise it remains confidential and cannot be discussed openly with anyone (Data Protection Act medical records). Staff who may need to know could include: Senior Leaders, SENCO, Pastoral staff, Form Tutor, teachers, etc.
 - any daily requirements - to be taken with food, a drink etc. If the child does not take their medication or refuses to take it - what happens? Is the child sent home to take it - agree the course of action with the parent.
 - any specific arrangements for PE or break and lunchtime?
 - follow up care — any follow up when the administration of the medication is finished;
 - date to review the care plan;
 - parental signature — the parent will need to date and sign the Care Plan. If the child is going to carry and administer their own medication in the Academy, such as an inhaler, leave the statement following Exceptional Circumstances, if not please cross it out; and
 - when the Care Plan is complete the Principal will need to discuss it with the Pastoral staff and if they are happy to administer the medication they will sign the Care Plan to endorse it.
4. When a Care Plan has been fully completed the parent and reception will be informed by Pastoral staff that we will administer the medication and the parent or another responsible adult can bring the medication in and hand it to reception. Pastoral staff will pass the Care Plan to the Wellbeing Centre and they will then set up individual file for the new case, prepare a Individual Medication Record and put this and the Care Plan in it.

See Appendix 1 for Care Plan

Accepting, Recording (Storing Medication)

After the Pastoral staff has informed Wellbeing and they have set up a file for the new case a parent or other responsible adult can bring the medication into the Academy. Wellbeing staff will check to ensure the following key points are adhered to. Medication:

- **MUST** be brought into the Academy by a responsible adult;
- **MUST NOT** be brought in by students, (Best Practice);

- **MUST** be in the official box with the chemist's label showing the pharmacy name and contact number on it;
- **MUST** clearly show the student's name;
- **MUST** clearly state the dosage, (when required is not allowed and it is illegal for a chemist to write this on a prescription for a child);
- **MUST** show the expiry date.

If the label has been changed i.e. dosage on front has been changed from one tablet to two in pen the Academy will not accept the medication. It is illegal for a chemist to do this — he or she must print a new label if there is a mistake and we cannot accept the parent's word — this information **MUST** come from the chemist. In exceptional circumstances when the pharmacy is unable to print the label due to an equipment failure the pharmacist is permitted to hand write the entire label. This is a very rare occurrence and should be corroborated by a telephone call to the pharmacy to validate the labelled instructions.

The Academy will not accept any medication that does not meet all the criteria set out above.

Once Wellbeing staff are happy to accept the medication they will then complete an Individual Medication Record. On this record they will enter:

- student's name and date of birth;
- parents name and telephone contact;
- address;
- medication received - Date medication received;
 - name of person who brought it in
 - name of medication
 - amount supplied/brought in
 - form supplied (tablet or liquid)
 - expiry date
 - dosage regime
- any side effects - list the main side effects of the medication if there are any.

Wellbeing staff will then place the Individual Medication Record in the student's file and the student's medication will be locked in the Medication Cabinet.

See Appendix 2 for Individual Medication Record

Administering Medication

Each time the child comes to take their medication, Wellbeing staff will note on their Individual Medication Record:

- the date;
- name of medication;
- amount given;
- amount left;

- time;
- name of person who administered the medication; and
- any issues/comments.

The member of staff administering the medication will take due care and regard for the individual student’s privacy and will administer their medication out of sight of other students and staff so their rights to privacy are not compromised. (Data Protection — medical records)

If a mistake is made during an entry on the Individual Medication Record do not cross it out or use Tippex.

* asterisk the line with the mistake on it and if possible

* asterisk the line underneath then write - line above should read

If the correction cannot be entered on the next line write it on the bottom of the page. It is very important that the Individual Medication Record is kept in this way to avoid accusations of tampering which could lead to accusations of theft, which could lead onto unlawful possession.

EXAMPLE - Register of Medication Administered

Date	Medication	Amount Given	Amount Left	Time	Administered By	Comments / Side Effects
2/5/1999	Ritalin	1 20mg tablet	27 20mg tablets	1.00	B Smith	Can become drowsy
1/5/1999	Ritalin	1 20mg tablet	27 20mg tablets	1.02	B Smith	As above
* Line above – date should read 3/5/1999						
4/5/99	Ritalin	1 20mg tablet	27 20mg tablets	12.58	B Smith	As above

Students not taking their medication alert

If parents or Pastoral staff are concerned that a particular student may not be in a ‘fit’ state to be in the Academy or may be at risk if they do not take their medication the Pastoral staff will ask the Wellbeing staff to tell them if the student fails to turn up and take their medication.

Pastoral staff can then remind the student in question and arrange for them to go along to get their medication. If a student refuses to take their medication parents should be contacted and asked to come in to the Academy to administer the medication or to take them home to administer it.

Medication & End of Term Arrangements

At the end of each term the Medication Cabinet should be emptied. Parents will be contacted by the Wellbeing staff and asked to come in and collect any unused/unwanted medication. If medication is not collected it will be destroyed and disposed of. When medication is handed back

to the parents or destroyed it needs to be entered on the Individual Medication Record exactly what has been handed back or destroyed. If it has been destroyed enter the name of the witness and get them to sign the entry.

Emptying the Medication Cabinet at the end of each term will help deter burglaries and keep the contents current.

Destroying unused medication

Any unwanted or unclaimed medication will be destroyed using a Doop Kit. When destroying medications two members of staff need to be present to ensure there is a witness to the process being carried out correctly. To destroy unwanted medication:

1. Crush the tablets or open the capsules
2. Add to the kit and shake
3. Fill to 90% with water
4. Put lid on and shake
5. Dispose of at the chemist

For liquids

1. Pour in liquid to 50%
2. Fill to 90% with water
3. Put lid on and shake
4. Dispose of at the chemist

Liquids and tablets/capsules can be disposed of in the same Doop Kit.

On no account should any medication be disposed of in any other way. If medications were just taken to the chemist, staff could be considered to be in unlawful possession of controlled drugs.

Staff carrying or transporting unused medicines some of which may be controlled drugs from Academy to a pharmacy for disposal may prove problematic, breach Academy policy and lead to difficulties with insurance cover for staff.

Confidentiality

Students have the same rights as adults when it comes to confidentiality and their medical records. In order that other members of staff such as: the receptionist, the nurse, pastoral staff, SENCO, teachers etc, know about a student's medical records permission must be given in writing. This is agreed in the care plan. Once it has been agreed who can have knowledge of a case it is a breach of confidentiality and illegal to discuss the case with anyone else. The only exception to this is in an emergency where disclosure would be necessary to safeguard the student's welfare.

When administering medication a student has the right to and should expect privacy. As adults we would object to other people knowing what medications we were taking and would want any discussions carried out in private. Students should be treated with the same care and respect that they would get from their doctor. The confidentiality of medical records comes under the same legislation.

Inset for all staff

All staff will receive inset on this policy and the implications for them. In addition key staff will receive additional inset to help them carry out their duties.

Communication with parents/carers

The Academy will discuss and review a student's medication regime through the setting up and review of a Care Plan. If there are any issues relating to the delivery of a Care Plan Pastoral staff will contact home and speak to the parents or carers about the issues. In necessary parents will be invited Academy.

If parents have any concerns they can contact the Academy and speak to Pastoral staff at any time and if they feel it necessary they can make an appointment to come in to see their child's Pastoral staff.

Managing Incidents of Medication Misuse

Should any incidents of misuse occur the Academy would first investigate the incident, identify what happened, who was involved and what medications were involved. Pastoral or a Senior Leader would then speak to both parents and the student/s concerned. Then the Academy will follow the agreed procedures documented in the Academy's Drugs and Alcohol Policy.

If there are child protection concerns surrounding this misuse then the Designated Safeguarding Lead will be informed and a referral made to Social Services. In an incident requires the police to be informed they will automatically inform Social Services.

Working with Outside Agencies

Links with other agencies; police, social services and outside support agencies will depend on the circumstances and whether or not the parent has given us permission to work and discuss their child with these agencies.

The exception to this will be where the law has been broken and the protocols identified in the Drugs and Alcohol Policy will need to be followed or where there is a Child Protection concern. In both these circumstances the Designated Safeguarding Lead needs to be informed immediately.

Medications and the Law

The Home Office through the Misuse of Drugs Regulations 1985, amended on 2001 defined drugs within 5 schedules linked to their medicinal use and risk of being abused. With Schedule 1 containing drugs with no current know medicinal use and you must holds a Home Office licence to possess these drugs legally. Schedule 2, 3, 4 & 5 drugs are licensed to be used in medications but Schedule 2 and some Schedule 3 drugs must be kept in a correct medical cabinet and all schedule 2 drugs recorded in a drug register when used in Primary care (when under the control of Doctors, Dentists, Pharmacists). Schedule 4 drugs part 1 - it is illegal to possess them without a prescription, part 2 it is legal as long as they are within a medication. Schedule 5 drugs are where the risk is considered to be negligible and are treated the same as schedule 4 part 2 drugs.

Schedule 1 drugs	LSD, Coca Leaf & Mescaline
Schedule 2 drugs	Mostly Opiates, also in Schedule 2 -- Methylphenidate (Ritalin)
Schedule 3 drugs	Barbiturates, Tamazepam
Schedule 4 part 1 drugs	33 Benzodiazepines — Diazepam
Schedule 4 part 2 drugs	Anabolic Steroids
Schedule 5 drugs	Migravele OTC, Nicocodine, Kaoline & Morphine mix, Co-codamol (Class B drug)

Non Scheduled Medications

Prescription Only Medicines - the majority of drugs listed in Schedule 2 - 5 are prescription only, however, there are a large number of Prescription Only medicines that are not scheduled as Controlled Drugs.

Over the Counter Medications - can only be purchased over the counter in a e.g. pharmacy - Nurofen Plus.

General Sales List - can be purchased from unlicensed retail - e.g. Paracetamol.

Many prescription medications contain controlled drugs and as a consequence it is illegal to possess them without an authorised prescription in your name e.g. Co-codamol contains codeine which is obtained from Morphine a Class B drug. Possessing or passing to someone else (supplying) a controlled drug can carry the following sentences.

Possession - this means being caught with an illegal drug for your own use. Punishments can include up to seven years prison and/or a fine.

Possession with intent to supply - if you had any intention of dealing (this can include giving and sharing drugs) you may be charged with this more serious offence. Punishments can include up to 14 years in prison and or a fine.

The Misuse of Drugs act divides drugs into the following three classes and gives guidelines and penalties for each:

Class A

Cocaine, crack, ecstasy, heroin, LSD, magic mushrooms, speed (amphetamines) if prepared for injection and in some instances cannabis oil.

- possession seven years in prison and/or a fine
- supply life imprisonment and/or a fine

Class B

Speed (amphetamines)

- possession five years in prison and/or a fine
- supply fourteen years in prison and/or a fine

Class C

Cannabis, rohypnol, supply of anabolic steroids & tranquillisers/possession of tamazepam.

- possession two years in prison and/or a fine
- supply five years in prison and/or a fine

	September 2020
Date approved:
Signed:
	September 2021
Date to be reviewed: