Year 9 Topics

In year 9 we teach the following topics over the course of the year. Each topic draws on prior learning from previous years and builds on understanding from the KS3 programme of study. Each topic develops and deepens the Core knowledge that will underpin all areas of the curriculum at KS4. Our curriculum is designed to develop creative and independent students and embed life skills.

Topic	Rationale	Knowledge acquisition	Key vocabulary	Skills and enrichment
Food commodities	Students will learn the value of food commodities within the diet. They will learn the range of foods, ingredients and from the major commodity groups they belong.	The value of commodities – apply the nutrition value to the ingredients in recipes made. The working characteristics of ingredients Origins of food Physical and chemical changes that can occur Prepare and cook – pasties, enchiladas, Sicilian citrus flan, sweet and sour chicken, Risotto, quiche, Cottage pie, Whisked Sponge Flan.	 Commodity, value, diet, contribution, characteristic, storage, food contamination, origins, physical, chemical, change, complementary actions, recipe. Bread, cereal, rice, pasta, potatoes, flour, oats. Fruit, vegetables, fresh, frozen, dried, canned, juiced. Meat, cheese. Meat, poultry, eggs Butter, oils, margarine, sugar, syrup 	Students will demonstrate their knowledge into practice through a variety of practical situations. Students will learn through explore, investigate, and research tasks Research skills – textbooks & internet. Classification/grouping/sorting/organising skills. Discussion (Oracy development). Communication skills, verbal & non-verbal Development of language skills, literacy and extended writing.
Principles of nutrition	Students will learn the definition of macronutrients and micronutrients in relation to human nutrition.	Definition of macro and micronutrients – linked to the recipes made. Identification of nutrients. Main sources and specific function of nutrients recap from Year 8. Consequences of malnutrition – (over and under) – recap from Year 8.	 Protein, amino acids, Fats, oils, lipids, saturated, polyunsaturated, essential fatty acids Carbohydrates, starches, sugars Vitamins Minerals, calcium, iron, potassium, magnesium 	Students will demonstrate their knowledge into practice through a variety of practical situations. Students will learn through explore, investigate, and research tasks Research skills – textbooks & internet. Classification/grouping/sorting/organising skills. Discussion (Oracy development). Communication skills, verbal & non-verbal

				Development of language skills, literacy and extended writing.
Diet and good health	Students will learn the energy requirements of individuals and have an awareness of common dietary issues. Learners should be able to use their knowledge of nutrition and current dietary guidelines. Students will learn common dietary issues.	Recommended guidelines for a healthy diet – recap from Year 8. How nutrients work in the body – recap from year 8. Changes in nutritional needs throughout life stages and state of health from birth to older adults. Individual specific lifestyle needs linked to the changing diet through lifespan.	 RDI, energy value, requirements, protein, fat, carbohydrate, deficiencies, macronutrients, micronutrients, dietary fibre, Life stages, toddlers, teenagers, early/middle/late adulthood Lifestyle, choice, vegetarians, lacto, lacto-ovo, vegan, religious beliefs, occupation, activity level Recipe, meal, nutritional information, data, content, modify, reduce, increase 	Students will demonstrate their knowledge into practice through a variety of practical situations. Students will learn through explore, investigate, and research tasks Research skills – textbooks & internet. Classification/grouping/sorting/organising skills. Discussion (Oracy development). Communication skills, verbal & non-verbal Development of language skills, literacy and extended writing.
The science of food	Students will learn how the preparation and cooking of food affects the sensory and nutritional properties. Students will be given the opportunity to experiment and modify recipes. Students will learn microbiological	Why food is cooked – physical and chemical changes – aerating a whisked sponge flan (compare qualities and the method to Victoria sandwich made in Year 8 Bakewell tart), use of citric acid to set a filling, gelatinisation when using the quick jel, coagulation and denaturing of proteins in quiche and chilled lemon flan, thickening of sweet and sour using a cornflour, dextrinisation of the pasties, cooking of starch in the cottage pie and risotto.	 Properties, sensory, nutritional, taste, texture, appearance, conserve, modify, nutritive value, palatability, functional, chemical Boiling, simmering, steaming, coagulation, denature, gelatinisation, dextrination, shortening, aeration, foam formation, gluten. Enzymic browning, oxidisation Inadequate, unacceptable Micro-organisms, bacteria, refrigeration, freezing, dry/cold storage, packaging, date marks, labelling, growth conditions, preservation, food spoilage, temperature, moisture, time, cross-contamination, hygiene, 	Students will demonstrate their knowledge into practice through a variety of practical situations. Students will learn through explore, investigate, and research tasks Research skills – textbooks & internet. Classification/grouping/sorting/organising skills. Discussion (Oracy development). Communication skills, verbal & non-verbal

		Cooking methods – boiling, simmering, coagulation, setting, gelatinisation, shortening, sauce making, thickening, foam forming. The control of micro-organisms – use of time and temperature to keep food safe. Working characteristics of food, reasons and how to remedy problems – too much or too little cornflour, risotto – too much/ too little water, rubbing in, over handling pastry, adding too much/too little lemon to the flan, undercooking potatoes, consistency of ingredients (size, shape, mass, viscosity), not enough air in sponge mixture, quick jel too thick/too thin Safe food storage – cooling and chilling food. Recap use of temperature to keep food safe from Year 8. Food wastage – food poverty. How to use up ingredients to minimise wastage. Link to international food poverty and food availability.	 Wastage, environment, financial implications 	Development of language skills, literacy and extended writing.
Where food comes from safety when buying, storing, preparing	Students will learn where food originates and the impact on the environment. Students will learn	Food origins - multicultural foods. Where dishes originate. The impact on the environment – linked to multicultural foods. Sustainability – linked to multicultural foods.	 Food origins, grown, reared, caught, food miles, carbon footprint, local, environment, value, waste, global markets, food poverty, country, region Packaging 	Students will demonstrate their knowledge into practice through a variety of practical situations. Students will learn through explore, investigate, and research tasks Research skills – textbooks & internet.

and cooking food.	about the stages in food processing.	Menus and meal structures – linked to multicultural foods.	 Characteristics, eating patterns, nutritional guidelines, Primary processing, secondary processing, technological development, transporting, cleaning, sensory properties, nutritional properties 	Classification/grouping/sorting/organising skills. Discussion (Oracy development). Communication skills, verbal & non-verbal Development of language skills, literacy and extended writing.
Cooking and food preparation	Students will learn factors affecting food choice. Students will learn skills to enable them to plan, prepare, cook and serve a variety of recipes. Students will learn to consider consumer influence and choice. They will develop recipes to meet specific nutritional and lifestyle needs.	Sensory analysis and how to access the quality of food using sensory descriptors. Comparison of regular products to low fat/ low sugar sugars and fruits. A range of factors that affect the food choices we make. Planning recipes for a variety of users and different nutritional needs. Modifying recipes to suit the needs of the consumer – flavour, texture, nutritional needs, and cultural needs. Preparation and cooking of ingredients to make a selection of recipes - Pasties, enchiladas, Sicilian citrus flan, sweet and sour chicken, Risotto, quiche, Cottage pie, Whisked Sponge Flan. Presentation and finishing techniques including portion control, test for readiness. The application of food hygiene and safety through all practical activities.	 Sensory perceptions, choices, sensory qualities, taste panels, judge, manipulate, test for readiness Factors, influence, enjoyment, preference, testing, food choice, cost, availability, activity, personal choice Informed choice, balanced diet, variety, portion size, nutritional information, food labelling, consumer Planning, cooking, dish, recipe, preparation, ingredient, selection Weigh, measure, knife skills, bridge and claw grip, solid, liquid, combine, shape, setting, finishing, dough, glaze, garnish, time management Influence, lifestyle, consumer choice, adapting, developing, review, evaluate, improvements, amending, 	Students will demonstrate their knowledge into practice through a variety of practical situations. Students will learn through explore, investigate, and research tasks Research skills – textbooks & internet. Classification/grouping/sorting/organising skills. Discussion (Oracy development). Communication skills, verbal & non-verbal Development of language skills, literacy and extended writing.

To follow a recipe independently and
make own judgements when
considering timings, flavour, texture
and appearance